

Metric Conversions

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| mega | kilo | hecto | deca | base unit | deci | centi | milli | micro |
| M | k | h | da | (g,m) | d | c | m | μ |
| 10^6 | 10^3 | 10^2 | 10^1 | | 10^{-1} | 10^{-2} | 10^{-3} | 10^{-6} |
| | | | | | $(\frac{1}{10^1})$ | $(\frac{1}{10^2})$ | $(\frac{1}{10^3})$ | $(\frac{1}{10^6})$ |

→ move dec to right ($\times 10^?$)

← move dec to left ($\div 10^?$)

29. $4008\text{ g} = \quad \text{mg}$

① Slide the decimal (3 places to right)

$$4008\text{ g} = 4008000\text{ mg}$$

② use the prefix (if going to base unit)

N/A

③ Factor labelling (use conversion factors)

$$x\text{ mg} = 4008\text{ g} \left(\frac{1000\text{ mg}}{1\text{ g}} \right) \leftarrow \text{cancel units.}$$

↑ *what you need to find* ↑ *what you know* ⏟ *conversion factor.*

$$x\text{ mg} = 4008000\text{ mg}$$

30. $48\text{ mL} = \quad ? \quad \text{L}$

① slide decimal (3 dec places to left)

$$48\text{ mL} = 0.048\text{ L}$$

② use the prefix (if going to base unit)

$$48\text{ mL} = 48 \times 10^{-3}\text{ L}$$

↓ $\times 10^{-3}$ m

$$= 4.8 \times 10^{-2}\text{ L}$$

③ factor labelling

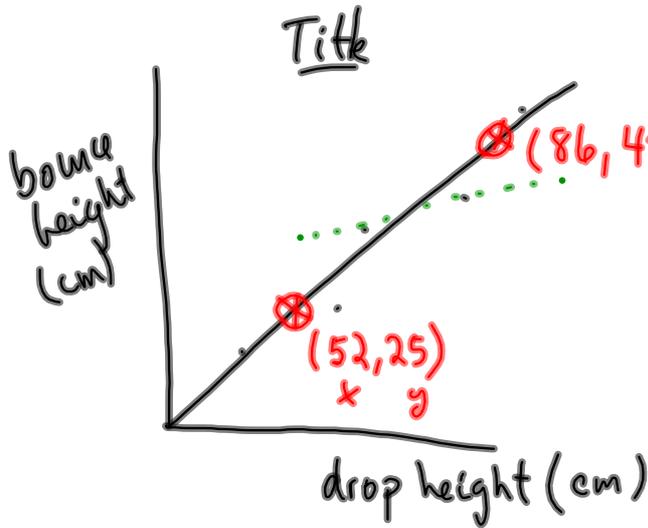
$$x\text{ L} = 48\text{ mL} \left(\frac{1\text{ L}}{1000\text{ mL}} \right)$$

$$x\text{ L} = 0.048\text{ L}$$

31. $239\text{ mm} = 23.9\text{ cm}$

32. $38\text{ kg} = 38000000\text{ mg}$

Bounce that Ball



$$m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$m = \frac{42 - 25}{86 - 52}$$

$$m = \frac{17}{34}$$

$$m = 0.50$$

$$y = mx + b$$

$$25 = (0.50)(52) + b$$

$$25 = 26 + b$$

$$b = -1$$

$$y = mx + b$$

$$y = 0.50x - 1$$

$$h_b = 0.50 h_d - 1$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{\text{change in bounce height}}{\text{change in drop height}}$$

$0.5 = \frac{5}{10}$ ← for 10 cm increase in drop height there will be a 5 cm increase in bounce.